


P_MOVOC

MOTOR VOLTAGE CONTROLLER
DEVICE

User Manual 

Conformities

Declaration of Conformity

For PMC components there are declarations of conformity available. These declarations confirm that the components are designed according to valid EC directives. If required, you can ask your sales representative for these declarations.

Safety Instruction

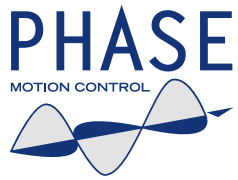
Please read before the initial startup. See page 13.

EMC Directive

The PMC products of a drive system mentioned in this documentation comply with the requirements of the EC Directive (see page 10).


CE Label





P_MOVOC

MOTOR VOLTAGE CONTROLLER DEVICE

User Manual 

Original version: english language

Application Manual and Technical Specification

Rel.3 28-04-2017

GENERAL

The P-MOVOC device is supplied as a necessary complement of the range of advanced frameless PM series TK motors when a constant power range in excess of 3:1, and up and beyond 1:10, is planned for the application.

The special design and manufacturing technology of high speed TK motors allows a very wide constant power, flux controlled operating range which can exceed the ratio 10:1. This means that the motor back EMF is approximately equal to the drive maximum voltage (typically very close to the supply voltage) at the motor knee speed, i.e. at the lowest speed of the constant power range. In normal operation, at higher speeds the drive feeds the motor, which is designed to display a calibrated, critical amount of impedance, with just the right amount of I_d to keep the motor voltage constant throughout the constant power range. This means that at the highest permissible speed the motor back EMF is higher than the supply voltage, intrinsically the back EMF is about equal to the supply voltage times the constant power range.

As a consequence, without a voltage controller device, if the drive were to stop supplying I_d to the motor when operating in flux control mode, a high voltage would be fed to the motor terminals. The voltage controller is thus added to the motor circuit to prevent any such occurrence.

The voltage controlled device is connected between drive and motor, generally and preferably near the drive. If, for any reason, the drive were to stop supplying I_d to the motor while operating at high speed, the voltage controller would detect the voltage rise and trigger a crowbar short circuiting all motor terminals so that the voltage across the motor is nullified and the current in the device is the short circuit current of the motor. In turn, the short circuit current of high speed motors is very close to the nominal motor current.

The motor would then idle down with high current but relatively little braking power.

The motor voltage controller operates with or without power supply and only clears the motor short when the motor is completely stopped.

Additional ground fault protection

The motor voltage controller operates whenever the drive is disabled or loses control at high speed. This can be considered a repetitive non fault occurrence, caused by debugging, sudden loss of power, or other safety trips in the system.

The motor voltage controller also provides an additional protection for the unlikely occurrence of a breakdown of the motor or of the cable system at high speed. If a motor cable or winding should break open at high speed, and the motor side open terminal would then accidentally fail short to ground, e.g. because of extensive sparking or flashover, then the remaining two terminals would experience a high voltage with respect to ground. In this event, the motor voltage controller would trip a crowbar to ground again nullifying the voltage across the motor terminals and in respect to ground.

Mechanical Data

Ambient temperature	Storage	Operation
	- 40°C / 100°C	0°C / 60°C
Protection IP	54	
Vibration level	5 g. max all directions	
Dimensions	(see drawing Fig)	
Max power conductor section	16 sq mm (P_MOVOC 40/80)	70 sq mm (P_MOVOC 200)

Control interface

The voltage control device operates safely independently from the control interface. A control interface is provided for monitoring and coordination with the drive. **The control interface requires a 24 Vdc supply** and is fully insulated. Customer must connect READY signal and FIRING signal relays to a safe device to manage safely Movoc state and keep the system in a safe condition. refer to “Control interface connector signal specification”.

Control interface connector signal specification

Pin	Function	Typ spec	Remarks
1	Firing input	Digital input, 24V	Forced crowbar firing. For testing purpose according to applicable safety protocols.
2, 3	MOVOC Ready	Relays contacts, NO, 50 mA, 24V max	closed when MOVOC is ready to operate. opens (MOVOC is not ready to operate): 1. after each MOVOC power-on (24Vdc aux) or after each MOVOC firing for testing purpose (through Pin 1 “Firing Input”): if the basement temperature is lower than 40°C: for 15 seconds of waiting time if the basement temperature is between 40°C and 60°C: for 120 seconds of waiting time 2. if the basement temperature is higher than 60°C (and until the temperature drops below 60°C) 3. after each MOVOC real self-firing for 120 seconds of waiting time (even if the basement temperature is below 40°C) to let the time to understand the reason of the firing 4. if an internal fault is detected This output can be used to perform MOVOC test prior to enabling high speed drive operation according to applicable safety protocols.
4, 5	MOVOC Firing	Relays contacts, NO, 50 mA, 24V max	Closed and latched within 10 ms from MOVOC firing. Clears after 2 min from each firing.
6	Aux +	Power supply input, 18-30 V, 50 mA	
7	Aux -		

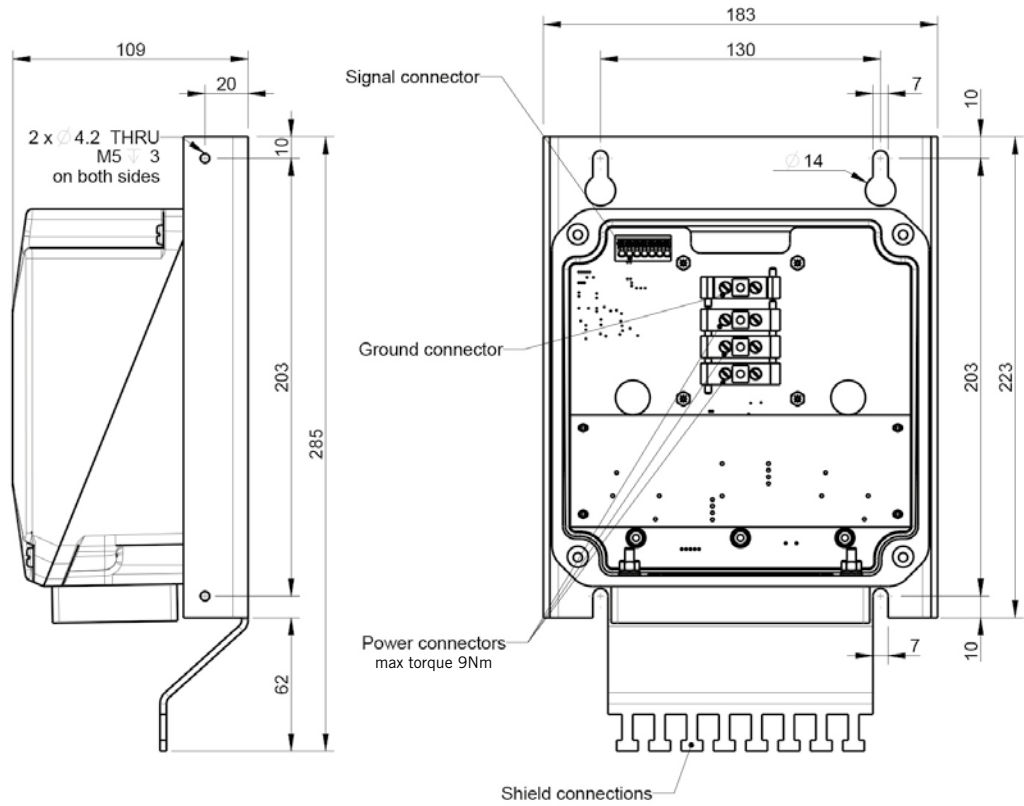
Electrical characteristics, power terminals including ground protection:

P_MOVOC 40A		P_MOVOC 80A		P_MOVOC 200A	
Crowbar maximum current	60 [A]	Crowbar maximum current	120 [A]	Crowbar maximum current	250 [A]
Rated current	40 [A]	Rated current	80 [A]	Rated current	200 [A]
Thermal rating, crowbar current 20A	> 120 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 60A	115 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 150A	> 120 [s]
Thermal rating, crowbar current 30A	110 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 70A	75 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 175A	60 [s]
Thermal rating, crowbar current 40A	90 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 80A	45 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 200A	25 [s]
Thermal rating, crowbar current 50A	40 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 100A	20 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 225A	10 [s]
Thermal rating, crowbar current 60A	15 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 120A	10 [s]	Thermal rating, crowbar current 250A	4 [s]
Crowbar firing voltage					
Low voltage threshold versions			High voltage threshold versions		
Code	Phase-Phase	Phase-GND	Code	Phase-Phase	Phase-GND
MVC.0400000	860-900 Vdc	860-900 Vdc	MVC.0401000	950-990 Vdc	950-990 Vdc
MVC.0800000			MVC.0801000		
MVC.2000000			MVC.2001000		
MVC.0402000	860-900 Vdc	<1200Vdc	MVC.0403000	950-990 Vdc	<1200Vdc
MVC.0802000			MVC.0803000		
MVC.2002000			MVC.2003000		

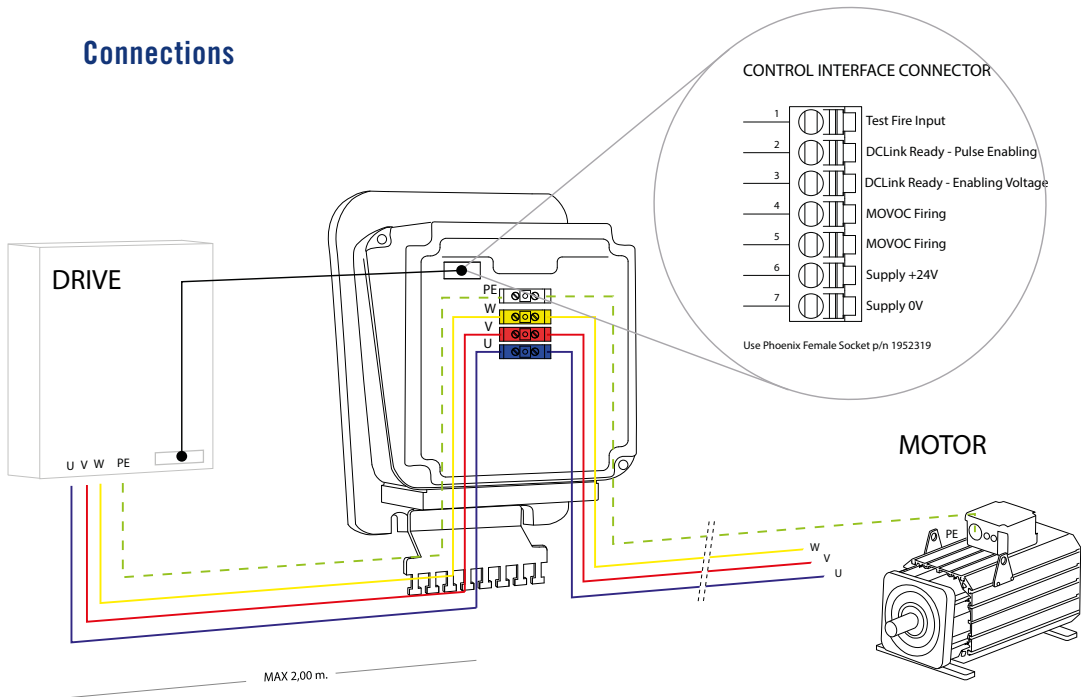
Recovery time after the first intervention:

P_MOVOC 40A		P_MOVOC 80A		P_MOVOC 200A	
Recovery time, crowbar current 40A for t >120 [s]	15 [min]	Recovery time, crowbar current 80A for t = 56 [s]	6 [min]	Recovery time, crowbar current 200A for t = 25 [s]	3 [min]

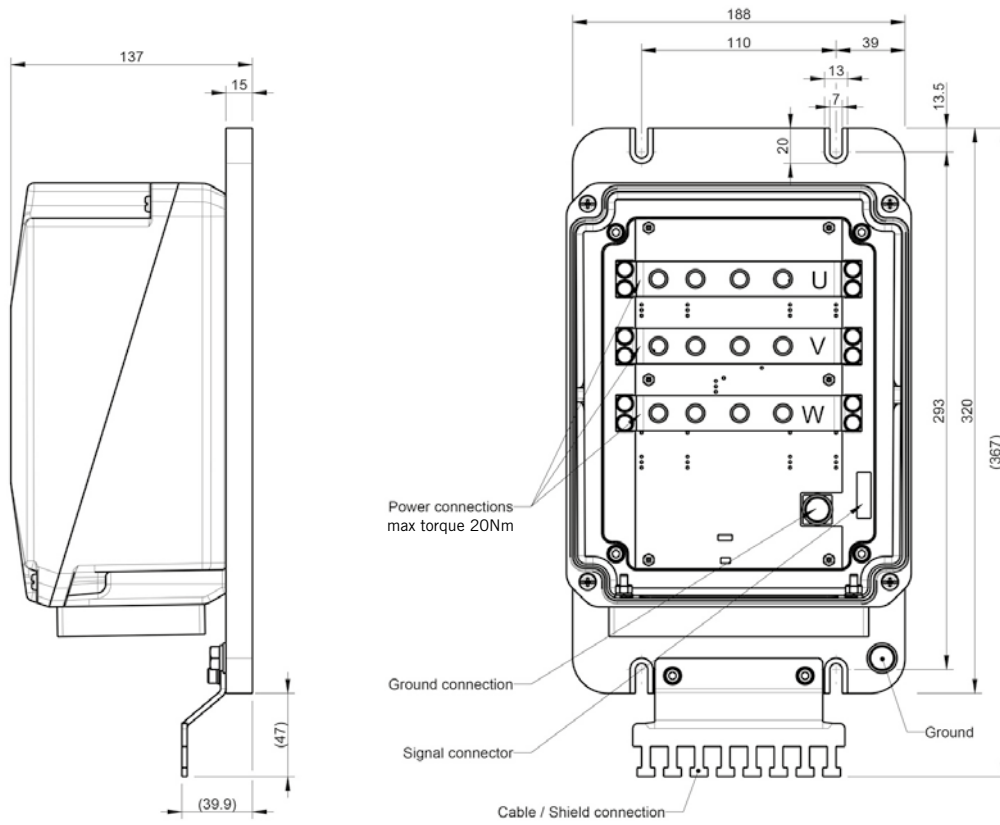
P_MOVOC 40A / P_MOVOC 80A



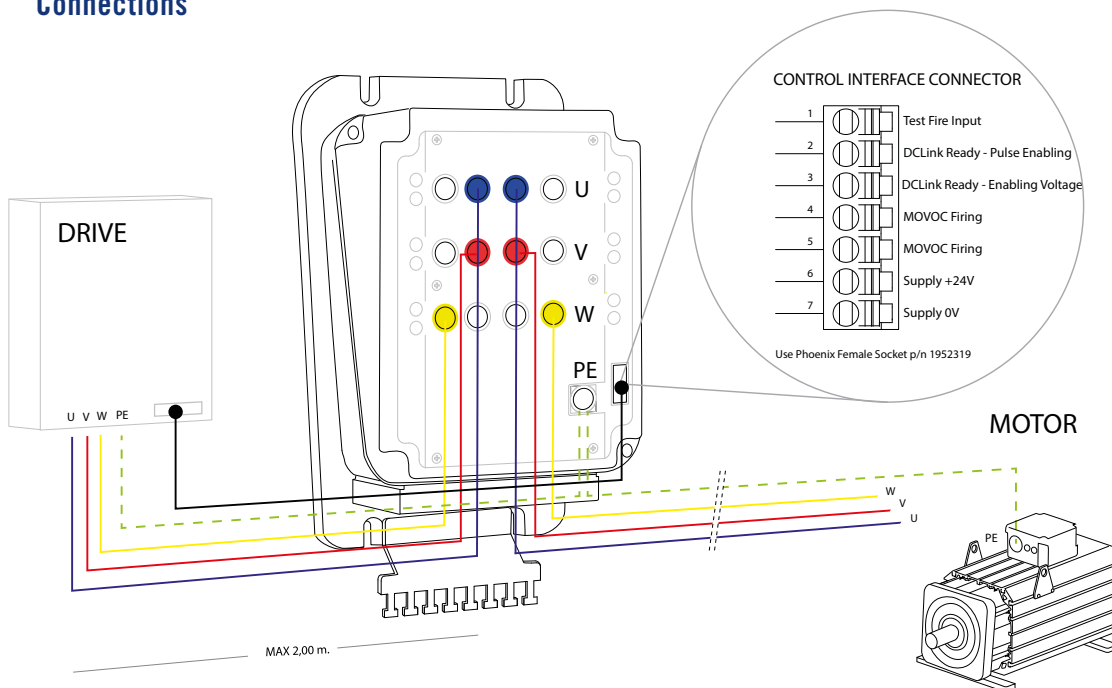
Connections



P_MOVOC 200A



Connections



Operating environment requirements

TEMPERATURE

MOVOC function is guaranteed in a range of temperatures from 0°C to 60° ambient. Diagnostic can check the heatsink temperature and report a dangerous condition.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY

MOVOC device maintains its correct functionality from 0% to 95% of relative humidity.

DANGEROUS AREAS

MOVOC can not be installed in areas where there is a risk of explosion and / or fire.

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY DIRECTIVE

This product accords to:
EMC DIRECTIVE 2014/35/UE
It satisfies the requirements of:
» EN 61800-3:2004

Refer to EC Declaration of Conformity

This product accords to:
MACHINERY DIRECTIVE 2006/42/CE
Refer to EC Declaration of Conformity

SUPERVISOR FUNCTIONS

The voltage control device operates safely independently from the control interface. A control interface is provided for monitoring and coordination with the drive. The control interface requires a 24 Vdc supply and is fully insulated. Despite this function software isn't involved in the safety function. Customer must connect READY signal and FIRING signal relays to a safe device to manage safely Movoc state and keep the system in a safe condition. Refer to "*Control interface connector signal specification*".

MODE OF OPERATIONS

P_MOVOC operates in a mode of operation.

POWER ON INTEGRITY SELF TESTS

Software has only diagnostic purpose, the safety is warranted by hardware circuit. If the SCR driver can't switch on the SCR, it can switch on itself when reaching the 1100Vdc threshold set by the zener branch.

SIL CAPABILITY

Referring to CEI EN 62061 and comparing PFH (coming from fault tree analysis), SFF and Hardware Fault Tolerance value P_MOVOC reach a level of SIL3.

CATEGORY AND PERFORMANCE LEVEL

Referring to EN ISO 13849-1 P_MOVOC device is classified as a CAT.2 PL D device.

TESTING

Routine tests:

P_MOVOC device will be tested in the operating temperature range.

- » insulation
- » overvoltage intervention
- » rated current

will be checked to verify if they accord to values expressed in datasheets.

MAINTENANCE

P_MOVOC should be tested through the appropriate test input every 1000 hours of operation.

SELF TEST INSTRUCTION

After the MOVOC Power On wait until the READY contact closes. Make sure the inertia on motor shaft is minimized as much as possible. Run the motor (not necessary to reach deflux conditions). Set up the firing test by supplying a high level (24Vdc) to the Test Fire Input (J1/Pin 1)

The device sets:

- the three motor phases and the earth in short-circuit,
- READY contact (pin 2-3) opens and the FIRING contact (pin4-5) closes.

Wait until the READY signal turns on again.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Quality procedures according to the ISO 9001 Standard requirements.

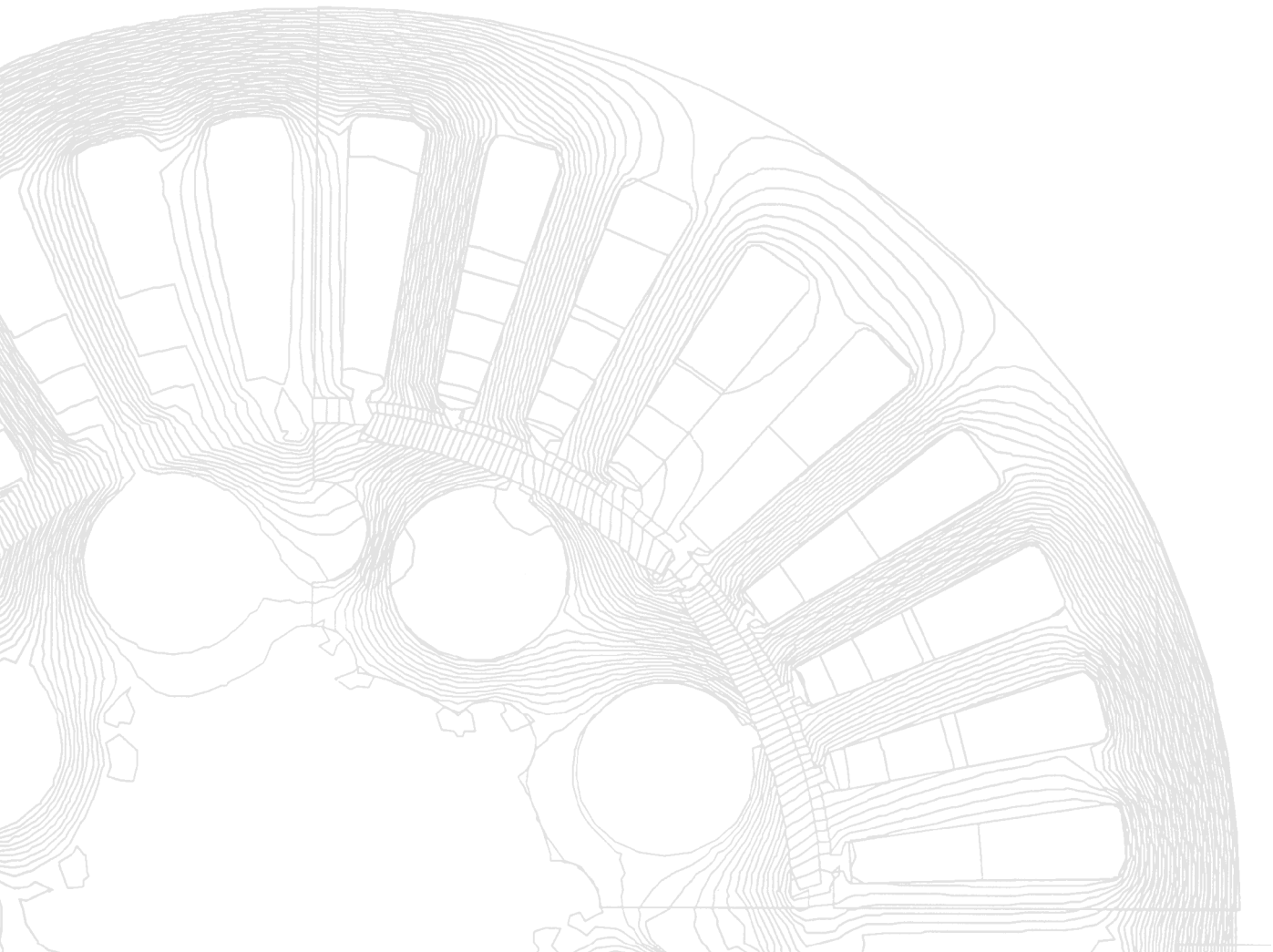
CEI EN 62061 AND EN ISO 13849-1

P_MOVOC device accords to CEI EN 62061 reaching it reaches a level of SIL3.

According to EN ISO 13849-1 P_MOVOC device is classified as a CAT.2 PL D device.

CE CONFORMITY

Phase Motion Control
P_MOVOC Motor Voltage Controller Device





Phase Motion Control S.p.A.
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I info@phase.eu | www.phase.eu

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Iscr. Reg. Imprese di Genova
C.F. IVA IT 03425740101
R.E.A.N. 343807
R.D. 14/2/94

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: **Phase Motion Control S.p.A.**
Address : Via Adamoli, 461 16141 Genoa, Italy

Object of the declaration:

Brand: **Phase Motion Control**
Product: **MVC series** (MVC.040x000, MVC.080x000, MVC.200x000)

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant EU harmonization legislation:

2006/42/CE	Machinery Directive (MD)
2014/35/UE	EMC Directive (EMC)

Name, address and identification number of the notified body who performed the CE examination type: **TUV Italia S.r.l. Via G. Carducci, 125 pal. 23 20099 Sesto San Giovanni (MI) - NB 0948**

Number of the CE examination type certificate: **TUV IT 0948 17 MAC 0107 B**

The following harmonized standards were used:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems – Part 5-1: Safety Requirements – Electrical, Thermal and Energy
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery – Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
EN ISO 13849-1:2006	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: General principles for design

Signed for and on behalf of the above named manufacturer.

Genoa, 13/11/2017

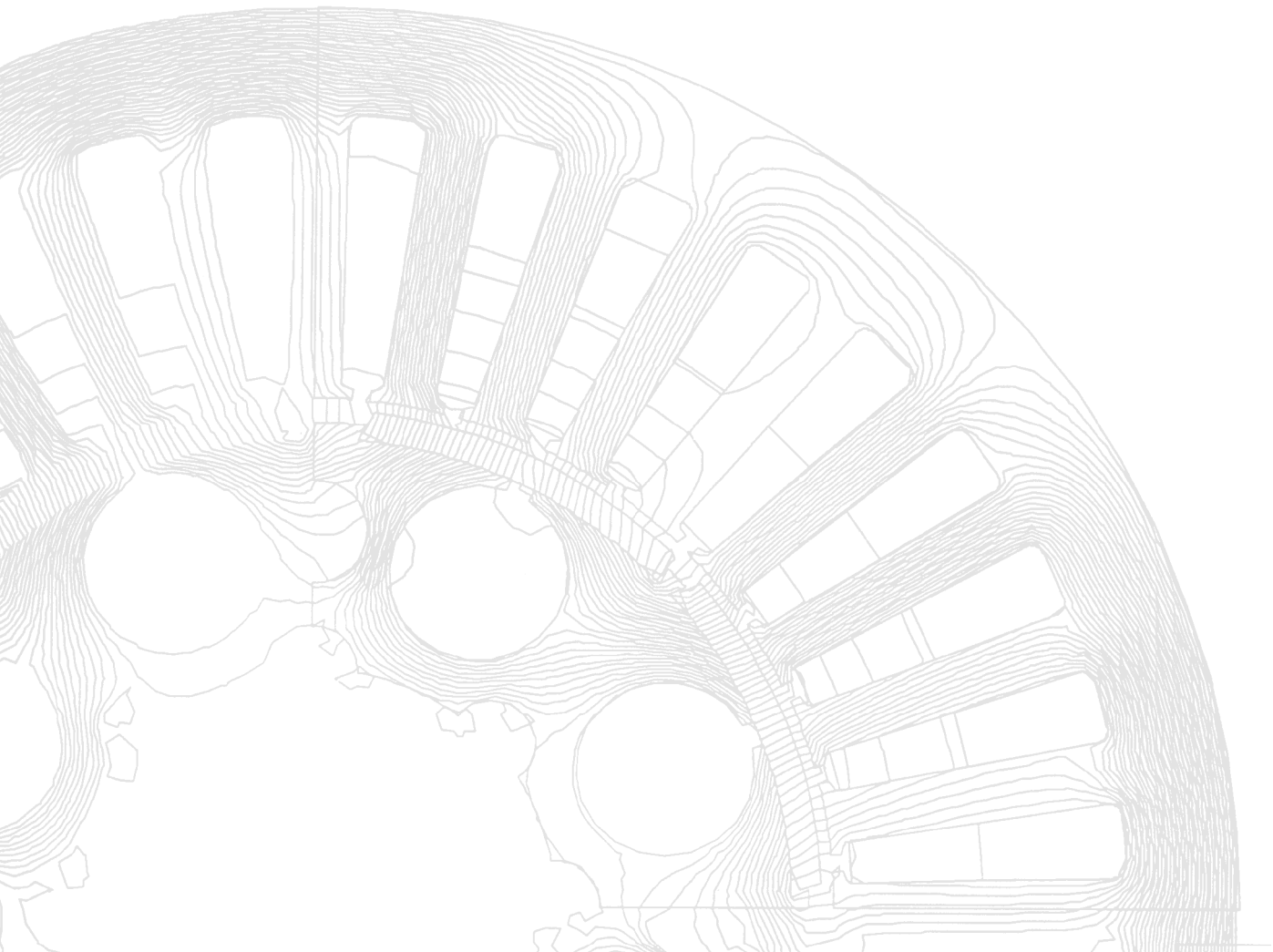


Dott. Ing. Marco Venturini
Managing Director
Phase Motion Control S.p.A.


M0423.5 rev. 1 del 16.01.09 NC

INSTALLATION

Phase Motion Control
P_MOVOC Motor Voltage Controller Device

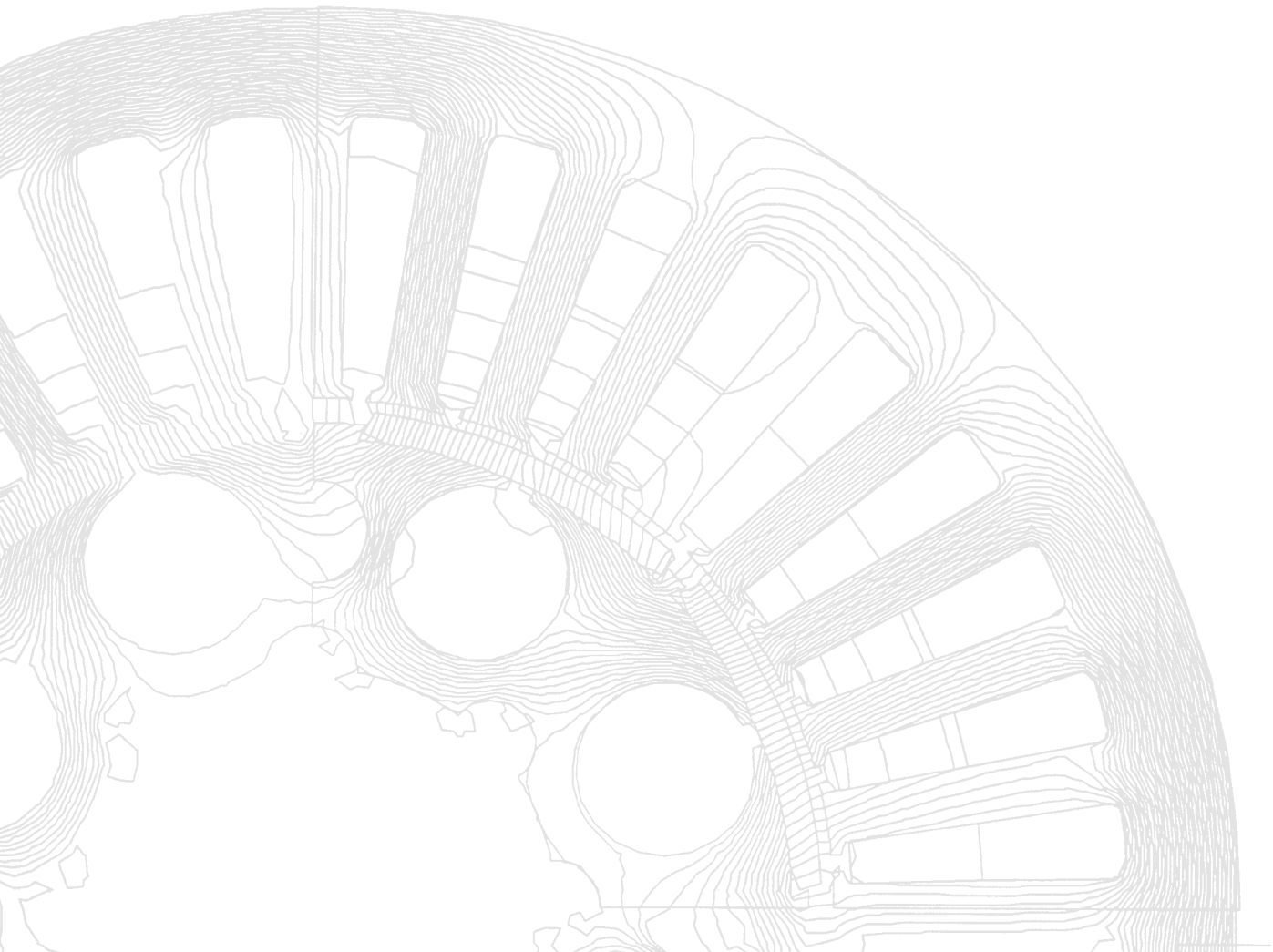


INSTALLATION

- Transport, installation and use of the drives are reserved to qualified staff (IEC 60364).
- The opening of the drive's enclosure or motors protections, or a defective installation, can lead to personal or material damage.
- The technical data on the unit's nameplates must be observed.
- Ensure that no components are bent or insulation distances changed during transport. The electronic components and contacts must not be touched.
- When working on an energized controller the valid national requirements for the prevention of accidents must be observed.
- The electrical installation must comply with applicable regulations (cable cross sections, fuses, protective conductor connections).
- All control inputs and outputs of the drives are insulated with a "basic" insulation (functional). Another level of protection must be implemented for personal safety against electrical contact.
- Signal cables must always be shielded as above.
- The shields and grounds connections have to be made on the chassis of the motor, on the specific screws distinguished by .
- It is important that the power wires are inserted in wire ways different from the signal and supply one and that any cross between the power and signal cables is carried out at right angle.
- If sensitive instruments are used (for example analogue, non preamplified transducers, load cells, thermocouples etc.) keep a safe distance between the instrumentation ground and the power ground.
- All devices (drives, filters, motors) must be grounded on a single ground bar, with ground wires as straight and short as possible.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Phase Motion Control
P_MOVOC Motor Voltage Controller Device



IMPORTANT DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Appropriate Use

Introduction

PMC products represent state-of-the-art developments and manufacturing. They are tested prior to delivery to ensure operating safety and reliability.

The products may only be used in the manner that is defined as appropriate. If they are used in an inappropriate manner, then situations can develop that may lead to property damage or injury to personnel.

Note: PMC as manufacturer is not liable for any damages resulting from inappropriate use. In such cases, the guarantee and the right to payment of damages resulting from inappropriate use are forfeited. The user alone carries all responsibility of the risks.

Before using PMC products, make sure that all the pre-requisites for an appropriate use of the products are satisfied:

- » Personnel that in any way, shape or form uses our products must first read and understand the relevant safety instructions and be familiar with appropriate use.
- » If the products take the form of hardware, then they must remain in their original state, in other words, no structural changes are permitted. It is not permitted to decompile software products or alter source codes.
- » Do not mount damaged or faulty products or use them in operation.
- » Make sure that the products have been installed in the manner described in the relevant documentation.

Areas of Use and Application

Every drive controller has to be programmed before commissioning, making it possible for the motor to execute the specific functions of an application. The drive controllers have been developed for use in single- and multi-axis drive and control tasks.

To ensure an application-specific use, the drive controllers are available with different drive power and different interfaces.

Typical applications of the drive controllers include:

- » handling and mounting systems,
- » packaging and food machines,
- » printing and paper processing machines and
- » machine tools.

The drive controllers may only be operated under the assembly and installation conditions described in this documentation, in the specified position of normal use and under the ambient conditions as described (temperature, degree of protection, humidity, EMC, etc.).

Inappropriate Use

Using the drive controllers outside of the operating conditions described in this documentation and outside of the indicated technical data and specifications is defined as “inappropriate use”.

Drive controllers must not be used, if

- » ... they are subject to operating conditions that do not meet the specified ambient conditions. This includes, for example, operation under water, under extreme temperature fluctuations or extremely high maximum temperatures.
- » Furthermore, the drive controllers must not be used in applications which have not been expressly authorized by PMC.
- » Please carefully follow the specifications outlined in the general Safety Instructions!

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR ELECTRIC DRIVES AND CONTROLS

General Information

Using the Safety Instructions and Passing them on to Others

Do not attempt to install or commission this device without first reading all documentation provided with the product. Read and understand these safety instructions and all user documentation prior to working with the device. If you do not have the user documentation for the device, contact your responsible PMC sales representative. Ask for these documents to be sent immediately to the person or persons responsible for the safe operation of the device. If the device is resold, rented and/or passed on to others in any other form, then these safety instructions must be delivered with the device.

Improper use of these devices, failure to follow the safety instructions in this document or tampering with the product, including disabling of safety devices, may result in material damage, bodily harm, electric shock or even death!



Instructions for Use

Read these instructions before the initial startup of the equipment in order to eliminate the risk of bodily harm or material damage. Follow these safety instructions at all times.

- » PMC is not liable for damages resulting from failure to observe the warnings provided in this documentation.
- » Read the operating, maintenance and safety instructions in your language before starting up the machine. If you find that you cannot completely understand the documentation for your product, please ask your supplier to clarify.
- » Proper and correct transport, storage, assembly and installation as well as care in operation and maintenance are prerequisites for optimal and safe operation of this device.
- » Only assign trained and qualified persons to work with electrical installations:
 - Only persons who are trained and qualified for the use and operation of the device may work on this device or within its proximity. The persons are qualified if they have sufficient knowledge of the assembly, installation and operation of the equipment as well as an understanding of all warnings and precautionary measures noted in these

instructions.

Furthermore, they must be trained, instructed and qualified to switch electrical circuits and devices on and off in accordance with technical safety regulations, to ground them and to mark them according to the requirements of safe work practices.

They must have adequate safety equipment and be trained in first aid.

- » Only use spare parts and accessories approved by the manufacturer.
- » Follow all safety regulations and requirements for the specific application as practiced in the country of use.




- » The devices have been designed for installation in industrial machinery.
- » The ambient conditions given in the product documentation must be observed.
- » Only use safety-relevant applications that are clearly and explicitly approved in the Project Planning Manual. If this is not the case, they are excluded. Safety-relevant are all such applications which can cause danger to persons and material damage.
- » The information given in the documentation of the product with regard to the use of the delivered components contains only examples of applications and suggestions.

The machine and installation manufacturer must make sure that the delivered components are suited for his individual application and check the information given in this documentation with regard to the use of the components, make sure that his application complies with the applicable safety regulations and standards and carry out the required measures, modifications and complements.







- » Startup of the delivered components is only permitted once it is sure that the machine or installation in which they are installed complies with the national regulations, safety specifications and standards of the application.
- » Operation is only permitted if the national EMC regulations for the application are met.
- » The instructions for installation in accordance with EMC requirements can be found in the documentation "EMC in Drive and Control Systems".
- » The machine or installation manufacturer is responsible for compliance with the limiting values as prescribed in the national regulations.
- » Technical data, connections and operational conditions are specified in the product documentation and must be followed at all times.

Explanation of Warning Symbols and Degrees of Hazard Seriousness

The safety instructions describe the following degrees of hazard seriousness. The degree of hazard seriousness informs about the consequences resulting from non-compliance with the safety instructions:

Warning symbol with signal word	Degree of hazard seriousness according to ANSI Z 535
	Death or severe bodily harm will occur.
	Death or severe bodily harm may occur.
	Bodily harm or material damage may occur.

Hazards by Improper Use

 DANGER	High electric voltage and high working current! Risk of death or severe bodily injury by electric shock!
 DANGER	Dangerous movements! Danger to life, severe bodily harm or material damage by unintentional motor movements!
 WARNING	High electric voltage because of incorrect connection! Risk of death or bodily injury by electric shock!
 WARNING	Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electrical equipment!
 CAUTION	Hot surfaces on device housing! Danger of injury! Danger of burns!
 DANGER	Electrical hazard due to water leakage on electrical component. Risk of injury by improper handling! Risk of bodily injury by bruising, shearing, cutting, hitting, or improper handling of pressurized lines!

INSTRUCTIONS WITH REGARD TO SPECIFIC DANGERS

Protection Against Contact with Electrical Parts

Note: This section only concerns devices and drive components with voltages of more than 50 Volt.

Contact with parts conducting voltages above 50 Volts can cause personal danger and electric shock. When operating electrical equipment, it is unavoidable that some parts of the devices conduct dangerous voltage.

High electrical voltage! Danger to life, electric shock and severe bodily injury!

- » Only those trained and qualified to work with or on electrical equipment are permitted to operate, maintain and repair this equipment.
- » Follow general construction and safety regulations when working on electrical power installations.
- » Before switching on the device, the equipment grounding conductor must have been nondetachably connected to all electrical equipment in accordance with the connection diagram.
- » Do not operate electrical equipment at any time, even for brief measurements or tests, if the equipment grounding conductor is not permanently connected to the mounting points of the components provided for this purpose.
- » Before working with electrical parts with voltage potentials higher than 50 V, the device must be disconnected from the mains voltage or power supply unit. Provide a safeguard



to prevent reconnection.

- » With electrical drive and filter components, observe the following:
 - Wait 30 minutes after switching off power to allow capacitors to discharge before beginning to work. Measure the voltage on the capacitors before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.
- » Never touch the electrical connection points of a component while power is turned on.
- » Install the covers and guards provided with the equipment properly before switching the device on. Before switching the equipment on, cover and safeguard live parts safely to prevent contact with those parts.
- » A residual-current-operated circuit-breaker or r.c.d. cannot be used for electric drives! Indirect contact must be prevented by other means, for example, by an overcurrent protective device according to the relevant standards.
- » Secure built-in devices from direct touching of electrical parts by providing an external housing, for example a control cabinet.

With electrical drive and filter components, observe the following:



High housing voltage and large leakage current! Risk of death or bodily injury by electric shock!

- » Before switching on, the housings of all electrical equipment and motors must be connected or grounded with the equipment grounding conductor to the grounding points. This is also applicable before short tests.
- » The equipment grounding conductor of the electrical equipment and the units must be non-detachably and permanently connected to the power supply unit at all times. The leakage current is greater than 3.5 mA.
- » Over the total length, use copper wire of a cross section of a minimum of 10 mm² for this equipment grounding connection!
- » Before start-up, also in trial runs, always attach the equipment grounding conductor or connect with the ground wire. Otherwise, high voltages may occur at the housing causing electric shock

Protection Against Electric Shock by Protective Low Voltage (PELV)

All connections and terminals with voltages between 5 and 50 Volt at PMC products are protective extra-low voltage systems which are provided with touch guard according to the product standards.



High electric voltage by incorrect connection! Risk of death or bodily injury by electric shock!

- » To all connections and terminals with voltages between 0 and 50 Volt, only devices, electrical components, and conductors may be connected which are equipped with a PELV (Protective Extra-Low Voltage) system.
- » Connect only voltages and circuits which are safely isolated from dangerous voltages. Safe isolation is achieved for example by isolating transformers, safe optocouplers or battery operation without mains connection.

Protection Against Dangerous Movements

Dangerous movements can be caused by faulty control of connected motors. Some common examples are:

- » improper or wrong wiring of cable connections
- » incorrect operation of the equipment components
- » wrong input of parameters before operation
- » malfunction of sensors, encoders and monitoring devices
- » defective components
- » software or firmware errors

Dangerous movements can occur immediately after equipment is switched on or even after an unspecified time of trouble-free operation. The monitoring in the drive components will normally be sufficient to avoid faulty operation in the connected drives. Regarding personal safety, especially the danger of bodily harm and material damage, this alone cannot be relied upon to ensure complete safety. Until the integrated monitoring functions become effective, it must be assumed in any case that faulty drive movements will occur. The extent of faulty drive movements depends upon the type of control and the state of operation.

Dangerous movements! Danger to life, risk of injury, severe bodily harm or material damage!



- » For the above reasons, ensure personal safety by means of qualified and tested higher-level monitoring devices or measures integrated in the installation. They have to be provided for by the user according to the specific conditions within the installation and a hazard and fault analysis. The safety regulations applicable for the installation have to be taken into consideration. Unintended machine motion or other malfunction is possible if safety devices are disabled, bypassed or not activated.

To avoid accidents, bodily harm and/or material damage:

- » Keep free and clear of the machine's range of motion and moving parts. Possible measures to prevent people from accidentally entering the machine's range of motion:
 - use safety fences
 - use safety guards
 - use protective coverings
 - install light curtains or light barriers
- » Fences and coverings must be strong enough to resist maximum possible momentum.
- » Mount the emergency stop switch in the immediate reach of the operator. Verify that the emergency stop works before startup. Don't operate the device if the emergency stop is not working.
- » Isolate the drive power connection by means of an emergency stop circuit or use a safety related starting lockout to prevent unintentional start.
- » Make sure that the drives are brought to a safe standstill before accessing or entering the danger zone.
- » Additionally secure vertical axes against falling or dropping after switching off the motor power by, for example:
 - mechanically securing the vertical axes,
 - adding an external braking/ arrester/ clamping mechanism or
 - ensuring sufficient equilibration of the vertical axes.

The standard equipment motor brake or an external brake controlled directly by the drive controller are not sufficient to guarantee personal safety!
- » Disconnect electrical power to the equipment using a master switch and secure the switch against reconnection for:
 - maintenance and repair work
 - cleaning of equipment
 - long periods of discontinued equipment use
- » Prevent the operation of high-frequency, remote control and radio equipment near electronics circuits and supply leads. If the use of such devices cannot be avoided, verify the

system and the installation for possible malfunctions in all possible positions of normal use before initial startup. If necessary, perform a special electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test on the installation.

Protection Against Magnetic and Electromagnetic Fields During Operation and Mounting

Magnetic and electromagnetic fields generated by current-carrying conductors and permanent magnets in motors represent a serious personal danger to those with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids.



Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electrical equipment!

- » Persons with heart pacemakers and metal implants are not permitted to enter following areas:
 - Areas in which electrical equipment and parts are mounted, being operated or commissioned.
 - Areas in which parts of motors with permanent magnets are being stored, repaired or mounted.
- » If it is necessary for somebody with a pacemaker to enter such an area, a doctor must be consulted prior to doing so. The interference immunity of present or future implanted heart pacemakers differs greatly, so that no general rules can be given.
- » Those with metal implants or metal pieces, as well as with hearing aids must consult a doctor before they enter the areas described above. Otherwise health hazards may occur.

Protection Against Contact with Hot Parts



Hot surfaces at motor housings, on drive controllers or chokes! Danger of injury! Danger of burns!

- » Do not touch surfaces of device housings and chokes in the proximity of heat sources! Danger of burns!
- » Do not touch housing surfaces of motors! Danger of burns!
- » According to operating conditions, temperatures can be higher than 60 °C, 140 °F during or after operation.
- » Before accessing motors after having switched them off, let them cool down for a sufficiently long time. Cooling down can require up to 140 minutes! Roughly estimated, the time required for cooling down is five times the thermal time constant specified in the Technical Data.
- » After switching drive controllers or chokes off, wait 15 minutes to allow them to cool down before touching them.
- » Wear safety gloves or do not work at hot surfaces.
- » For certain applications, the manufacturer of the end product, machine or installation, according to the respective safety regulations, has to take measures to avoid injuries caused by burns in the end application. These measures can be, for example: warnings, guards (shielding or barrier), technical documentation.

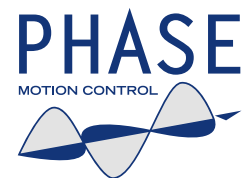
Protection During Handling and Mounting

In unfavorable conditions, handling and assembling certain parts and components in an improper way can cause injuries.

Risk of injury by improper handling! Bodily injury by bruising, shearing, cutting, hitting!



- » Observe the general construction and safety regulations on handling and assembly.
- » Use suitable devices for assembly and transport.
- » Avoid jamming and bruising by appropriate measures.
- » Always use suitable tools. Use special tools if specified.
- » Use lifting equipment and tools in the correct manner.
- » If necessary, use suitable protective equipment (for example safety goggles, safety shoes, safety gloves).
- » Do not stand under hanging loads.
- » Immediately clean up any spilled liquids because of the danger of skidding.



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